What are SGLT2 inhibitors?



SGLT2 inhibitors are a type of medication. They are now recommended for many people with:



Heart failure



Kidney disease



Ongoing narrowed or blocked arteries (coronary artery disease)



Diabetes (beyond controlling blood sugar, but to prevent heart issues too) SGLT2 inhibitors, first developed to lower blood sugar and treat diabetes, are important heart medicines too.

Some examples, with more being studied, include:

- canagliflozin (Invokana)
- dapagliflozin (Farxiga)
- empagliflozin (Jardiance)
- sotagliflozin (Inpefa)

How they help

Taking an SGLT2 inhibitor



Other heart medicines you take



Lifestyle changes (healthy diet, moving more)

Can help many people:



Feel better by easing symptoms



Have a better quality of life



Stay out of the hospital



Avoid or delay dialysis



Live longer

Things to keep in mind

- Be sure to tell your other doctors you are taking an SGLT2 inhibitor for your heart.
- Let your doctor know if you are:
 - Not eating or drinking due to illness or a test
 - Having surgery
 - Worried about cost
- Know that other medications diuretics (water pills) and diabetes medicines may need to be adjusted.

Ask about what side effects to watch for and report.

Examples include:

- Dehydration
- Yeast infection
- Urinary tract infection
- Low blood pressure

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