# **HYPERTROPHIC** CARDIOMYOPATHY (HCM)



# THE PROBLEM WITH A THICKENED HEART MUSCLE

If you have hypertrophic (hy-per-tro-fik) cardiomyopathy, or HCM, your heart muscle gets too thick. This makes it harder for your heart to do its job.

It's usually passed down in families.

## **KNOW THE SIGNS**

**Shortness of breath** 

Dizziness or fainting

**Chest pain** 

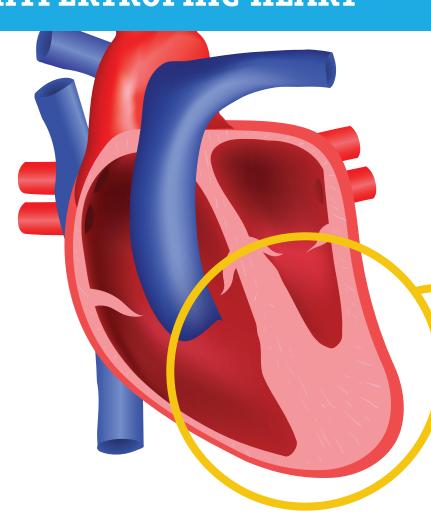
**Heart palpitations** or fluttering

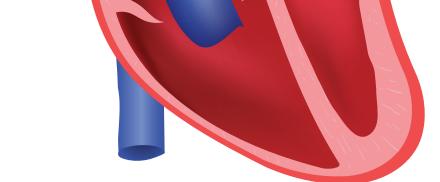
In rare cases, sudden cardiac death

**But many** people don't have symptoms



#### **HYPERTROPHIC HEART**





**THICKENED HEART MUSCLE** 

**HOW TO TREAT HCM** 

### WHAT YOU CAN DO

#### If you have HCM, talk with your care team about:

- Shared decision-making to decide your treatment
- Genetic testing for you, your children, siblings, or parents
- Exercise—How much? Is it OK to play sports? Which ones?
- Lifestyle changes
- Ways to find support

If a parent has HCM, in most cases there's a 50/50 chance that a child will have it.





**Devices** to prevent sudden cardiac death

Surgery to remove thickened areas



Visit CardioSmart.org/HCM to learn more.



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