Everyday choices can make a big difference when it comes to your heart health and that of your blood vessels — also called your cardio (heart) vascular (blood vessels) health.

In fact, most heart disease-related deaths could be prevented by:









Maintaining a healthy weight

Eating well

Moving more

Avoiding tobacco

Adopting a healthy lifestyle can also help to manage existing cardiovascular disease and related complications.

But it can often be difficult to know where to begin. The American College of Cardiology developed this tool to help you. Use it to start a conversation with your clinician and prioritize your plan for healthier living.

You'll find information about specific health behaviors, space to write down your personal goals for each one, as well as links to more resources. There is also a worksheet to help you take note of what helps and what gets in the way of your efforts.



Before Getting Started

The goals you set for yourself should be realistic given what else you have going on in your day-to-day life. Tell your clinician about any concerns or barriers to taking action — whether to lose weight, exercise more, eat better or stop smoking.

Examples of concerns or barriers:

- Not knowing how to start
- Cost
- Time required or other demands
- Poor access to safe places to exercise and/or affordable, healthy food options
- Cultural or social expectations or pressures
- Depression or anxiety
- Worries about pushing your heart too hard if you have heart disease or making other conditions worse



Reach and Maintain a Healthy Weight

What We Know

- Excess fat, especially around your midsection, can fuel heart and blood vessel disease.
- Being overweight or obese also makes you more likely to develop a number of medical problems, including high blood pressure, high cholesterol, and high blood sugar (diabetes) to name a few.
- If you're overweight, losing just 5% to 10% of your total body weight can improve your health.

- A few tips to get started:
 - » Pay attention to what you eat. Keeping a food diary can help you see patterns.
 - » Pick one or two foods that are high in unhealthy fat or added sugars to avoid. This can be a first step to limit the calories you eat.
 - » Opt for water instead of sweetened beverages.
 - » Exercise more so you are burning calories and building strength, too.
 - » Identify stressors that trigger poor food choices, as well as one or two people who you can count on to support you in your efforts.
- Find out more at <u>CardioSmart.org/Obesity</u> and <u>CardioSmart.org/LoseWeight.</u>



in weeks / months (circle).

Nutrition and Eating Heart Healthy

What We Know

- Smart choices and healthy eating can help lower your risk of high blood pressure, high cholesterol, type 2 diabetes and heart disease.
- Several eating plans really more of a way of eating than so-called diets — are known to be helpful to the heart.
 - The Dietary Approaches to Stop Hypertension (DASH) diet
 - » Mediterranean diet.
 - » Vegetarian diet
- Healthy eating is not just what we eat, but also how we prepare our foods.

- There's no single approach for everyone.
- In general, try to eat:
 - » Fresh fruits and vegetables
 - » Whole-grain foods
 - » Lean proteins and certain fish like salmon, tuna, mackerel and sardines
 - » Low-fat milk and dairy products
 - » Healthy fats (nuts, seeds, avocado and vegetable oils)

- In general, it's a good idea to:
 - » Make healthy choices when traveling or eating on the go
 - » Bake or grill foods instead of frying
 - » Cut down on salt; use spices, lemon or other means to flavor a dish
 - » Limit added sugar (sweetened drinks, pastries, some dairy products)
 - » Avoid trans fats
 - » Choose healthy snack options
- Ask if a referral to a dietitian or nutritionist could help.
- Find out more at <u>CardioSmart.org/Nutrition</u>, <u>CardioSmart.org/EatBetter</u> and the NHLBI website.



MY PERSONAL GOALS FOR EATING RIGHT: As a first step, over the next month I will try to cut out or eat less: I will aim to eat more (for example, # servings of fruits and vegetables per day or fish at least once a week): 1. ______ **OTHER NOTES:**



Commit to Regular Exercise

What We Know

- Not exercising even simply sitting for too long is harmful.
- Regular exercise may be your best defense against heart disease.
- Exercise is also a great stress-buster and can boost your mood and self-esteem.

What You Can Do

- Take an inventory of your current patterns of physical activity.
- Move more. Look for ways to be more active through exercise and also by opting for the stairs instead of the elevator, parking farther away from buildings or biking or walking to work, if possible.
- Experts recommend getting at least 150 minutes of moderate exercise a week, though it's always best to check with your doctor.
 - » Moderate exercise is any type of activity that:
 - Gets your heart pumping and
 - Makes it difficult to have a conversation
 - » Exercising in 10-minute bursts during the day counts it adds up over time.
- Start by finding an activity that you enjoy and can do regularly to stay active.

Low	Moderate	High
 cleaning the house 	brisk walking	jogging/running
 cooking 	biking	fast biking
	• dancing	singles tennis
• Other	• Other	• Other

• Find out more at <u>CardioSmart.org/Exercise</u>.



nutes of moderate physi	cal activity per	week.		
minutes each day.				
y (list three activities y	ou enjoy here):			
			= %	

Avoid Tobacco Use and Get Help To Quit

What We Know

- Tobacco harms nearly every organ in the body, including the heart.
 - Smoking is the second leading cause of cardiovascular disease behind high blood pressure.
 - » Nearly 1 in 3 deaths from heart disease are due to smoking or secondhand smoke.
 - Even low levels of smoking make a heart attack more likely. E-cigarettes can also increase such events.
- Quitting isn't easy. Most people who have quit will tell you it often takes multiple attempts before being successful.
- It's never too late to quit quitting tobacco at any age has lots of health benefits.
- There are many resources to help, including medications, nicotine replacement patches, counseling and support programs.

- Be honest with your clinicians if you smoke even if you've just casually puffed a cigarette or live with a person who smokes. They aren't there to judge, but to help you live healthy.
- If you smoke, set a date to quit. Mark it proudly on your calendar.
- Ask for resources to help.
- Call 1-800-784-8669 (1-800-QUIT-NOW).
- Visit *CardioSmart.org* to identify triggers and read about 8 steps to help you quit *CardioSmart.org/StopSmoking*.



MY PERSONAL GOAL	TO QUIT 15 TO:
I plan to quit on	(date)
I will enlist trusted family members or I will tell (list three people who can h	
1	
3	
I know my smoking triggers include:	
I will access the resources above	
OTHER NOTES:	

Reduce Stress and Get Enough Sleep

What We Know

 Too much stress increases the likelihood of poor health habits like smoking and unhealthy eating It can also hurt the heart and blood vessels.



- Research also shows that people who don't sleep enough are more likely to have heart troubles, and lack of sleep prompts the body to release stress hormones.
- Sleep apnea is a common condition that prevents restful sleep. It increases the risk of high blood pressure, heart failure, and other heart problems.

- Take up activities that support your mind and body (for example, yoga, meditation, deep breathing, music).
- Aim for seven or more uninterrupted hours of shut-eye a night.
- If you suspect you might have sleep apnea, talk with your clinician. There is testing that can be done to evaluate this.
- Ask for a referral to a mental health expert or counselor if you think you need it. Many companies also offer employee assistance programs that are confidential and free.
- Find out more at <u>CardioSmart.org/SleepApnea</u>.

MY PERSONAL GOAL TO RELIEVE STRESS AND GET BETTER SLEEP IS TO:

	r stressed, my go-to outlets to relieve	,
I will try to sleep	hours most nights.	
I will adopt at least two	healthy sleep habits.	
Leaving technology	behind	
Keeping my bedroor	n dark and at an ideal temperature	
Going to bed at the	same time nightly	
Not exercising or ha	ving caffeine within 2 hours of sleep	
Other:		
OTHER NOTES:		
		•—
		- :=

Be Your Own Advocate

Speak up if there are hurdles to meeting your goals to live heart healthier.

Ask about your risk of heart disease and stroke.

- Talk about barriers to making lifestyle changes (for example, cost, access to foods or exercise venues, being unsure of your clinician's recommendations or related benefits). Use the worksheet, Heart-Healthy Habits: What Helps and What Gets in the Way, to make note of what helps and hurts your efforts.
- There are calculators of sorts that can help you and your clinician estimate how likely you are to have a heart attack or stroke in the next 10 years and also over a lifetime.
- Keep track of your blood pressure, cholesterol, and blood sugar levels and work with your clinician to keep them under control.
- Remember that your risk changes over time, so it should be a topic of ongoing discussion.



MY PE	ERSONAL GOAL TO BETTER UNDERSTAND MY OWN RISK
	HANCE) OF DEVELOPING HEART DISEASE AND STROKE:
My NE	EXT FOLLOW-UP APPOINTMENT(S) AND/OR LAB WORK
	EXT FOLLOW-UP APPOINTMENT(S) AND/OR LAB WORK

Heart-Healthy Habits: What Helps and What Gets in Way

Taking time to think about what might help and what might get in the way of you making lifestyle changes is important. Doing so can help you anticipate challenges and be more successful in your efforts. It can also give your clinicians important information to help support you.

	Things that will help me	Things that may make it difficult for me to reach my goals
Reaching or	•	•
maintaining a healthy weight	•	•
Carlantan India	•	•
as in the property of the prop	•	Here's how I might be able to address these/feel more in control:
	•	•
		•
		•
Nutrition and heart-	•	•
healthy eating	•	•
	•	•
	•	Here's how I might be able to address these/feel more in control:
	•	
		•
		•

Regular exercise	•	•
===	•	•
⊕nG)	•	Here's how I might be able to address these/feel more in control:
		•
Avoid tobacco use and get help to quit	•	•
	•	•
	•	Here's how I might be able to address these/feel more in control:
		•
Reduce stress and get enough sleep	•	•
	•	•
	•	Here's how I might be able to address these/feel more in control:
		•